



Model 3550 extensometer (angled view) 3550-025M-010-002-ST



Model 3550 extensometer (back view 3550-025M-010-002-ST

Designed for simultaneously measuring axial and torsional

deflections on specimens tested in axial/torsional machines.



Model 3550 axial/torsional extensometer with a 25 mm gauge length, ±10% axial measuring range, and ±2° torsional shear strain angle measuring range (this corresponds to a 4° angle of twist on a 12.5 mm diameter specimen)

The Model 3550 extensometer is most often used on round specimens tested in bi-axial test machines capable of simultaneous axial and torsional loading. The extensometer is often customized for particular applications. All units are capable of bi-directional displacement, so they may be used for cyclic testing under fully reversed loading conditions. The standard sized model is self-supporting on the specimen, and works on specimens from 9.5 to 25.4 mm (0.375 to 1.000 inches). The conical point contacts included with

the extensometer are made from tungsten carbide. Their unique design directly measures the surface shear strain angle, which allows operation on a wide range of specimen diameters without changing calibration.

All models are designed specifically to minimize crosstalk between axes and to provide high accuracy measurements. All feature the dual flexure design common to other Epsilon extensometers.

Available options cover temperature ranges from -270 °C to 200 °C (the standard temperature range is -40 °C to 100 °C). Both inch and metric versions are available. A wide range of gauge length and measuring ranges are available. Because these transducers are often used for specialized tests, contact Epsilon with your specific test needs.

The Model 3550 extensometers are strain gaged devices, making them compatible with any electronics designed for strain gaged transducers. Most often they are connected to a test machine controller. The signal conditioning electronics for the extensometer is typically included with the test machine controller or may often be added. In this case the extensometer is shipped with the proper connector and wiring to plug directly into the electronics. For systems lacking the required electronics, Epsilon can provide a variety of solutions, allowing the extensometer output to be connected to data acquisition boards, chart recorders or other equipment.

See the electronics section of this catalog for available signal conditioners and strain meters.



Features

- Full bridge, 350 ohm strain gaged design for compatibility with nearly any test system.
- Standard units meet existing ASTM class B-1 requirements for accuracy in axial
 measuring range. A calibration certificate is included. ISO 9513 class 0,5 calibrations
 are available upon request. All standard units have linearity readings of 0.20% or better
 in torsion.
- Rugged, dual flexure design for strength and improved performance much stronger than single flexure designs.
- Cyclic testing may be performed at up to 2 Hz.
- · Includes high quality foam lined case.
- · Self-supporting on the specimen.

SPECIFICATIONS

Excitation: 5 to 10 VDC recommended, 12 VDC or VAC max.

Output: 2 to 4 mV/V, nominal, depending on model

Linearity: <0.15% of full scale measuring range, depending

on model

Temperature Range: Standard (-ST) is -40 °C to +100 °C (-40 °F to 210 °F)

Optional (-LHT) is -270 °C to +200 °C (-454°F to 400 °F)

Cable: Integral, ultra-flexible cable, 2.5 m (8 ft) standard

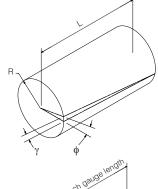
Operating Force: <30 g typical Crosstalk: Less than 0.5%

OPTIONS

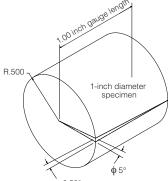
Connectors to interface to nearly any brand test equipment Model 3590AT axial/torsional calibrator (see page 116) Shunt calibration module (see page 120)



Visit our website at www.epsilontech.com Contact us for your special testing requirements.

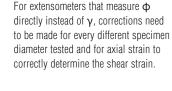


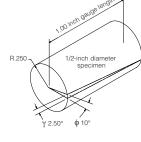
Epsilon's axial/torsional extensometer was designed to directly measure the shear strain, γ shown in the figure. This design allows the correct determination of the shear strain without having to know the radius of the specimen being tested. R_1 .



The shear strain is related to the angle of twist (a commonly referenced parameter in torsion testing), ϕ , by the following relationship:

$$\gamma = R_1 \frac{d\Phi}{dL_1}$$





The example to the left shows the variation of the angle of twist versus a change in specimen diameter relative to the constant resulting shear strain.

Model Number	Axial Gauge Length	Axial Strain	Torsional Shear Strain Angle
3550-025M-005-002-ST	25 mm	±5%	±2°
3550-025M-005-003-ST	25 mm	±5%	±3°
3550-025M-010-002-ST	25 mm	±10%	±2°
3550-0100-010-002-ST	1 inch	±10%	±2°

-ST temperature range is -40 °C to 100 °C (-40 °F to 210 °F), but -HT1, -HT2, -LT, and -LHT options are also available. This unit is built to order; contact Epsilon for a unit specific to your testing requirements.

